

DETAILED CONSIDERATIONS FOR VIDEO ANALYSIS DECISION MAKING

Fouls: Careless, Reckless, using Excessive Force/Violent conduct

- 1. Does the player show a lack of attention or consideration when making the challenge?
- 2. Does the player act without precaution when making the challenge?
- 3. Does the player make fair or unfair contact with the opponent after touching the ball?
- 4. Does the player act with disregard for the danger to the opponent?
- 5. Does the player act with disregard for the consequences to the opponent?
- 6. Does the player have a chance to play the ball in a fair manner?
- 7. Does the challenge put an opponent in a dangerous situation?
- 8. Does the player touch the ball before making contact with the opponent?
- 9. Does the player exceed the necessary use of force when making the challenge?
- 10. Does the player use brutality against an opponent when making the challenge?
- 11. Does the challenge endanger the safety of the opponent?
- 12. What degree of speed and/or intensity does the player use when making the challenge?
- 13. Does the player show malice when making the challenge?
- 14. Does the player lunge at an opponent from the front, from the side, or from behind?
- 15. Which part of the body does the player use to make contact?
- 16. Does the player use his/her studs when making a tackle?
- 17. On which part of the opponent's body is contact made?
- 18. In which direction do the tackler's feet point?
- 19. Does the player challenge for the ball at the moment in which the contact is made?
- 20. Does the player charge the opponent in a fair manner?
- 221. Is the foul an act of violent conduct or of serious foul play?
- 222. Is the challenge committed in a fair manner or a careless manner?

Stopping a Promising Attack

- 21. What is the distance between the offence and the goal?
- 22. Does the player have control of the ball?
- 23. Can the player gain control of the ball?
- 24. What is the direction of play?
- 25. How many defenders are involved in the situation?
- 26. Where are the defenders located?
- 27. How many attackers are involved in the situation?
- 28. Where are the attackers located?
- 29. How many options to pass the ball does the player have when fouled?
- 30. Does the challenge stop a promising attack?
- 31. How much open space is there for the attacker to move?



Denying a Goal or a Goal-Scoring Opportunity

- 32. What is the distance between the offence and the goal?
- 33. Does the player have control of the ball?
- 34. Can the player gain control of the ball?
- 35. What is the direction of play?
- 36. How many defenders are involved in the situation?
- 37. Where are the defenders located?
- 38. Does the offence lead to a direct free kick or an indirect free kick?
- 39. If no offence were to occur, would the player have an obvious opportunity to score a goal?
- 40. Does the player deliberately handle the ball to deny the opposing team a goal?
- 41. If the offense occurred inside the penalty area, was the offence an attempt to play the ball?

Handball

- 42. Does the hand move towards the ball or does the ball move towards the hand?
- 43. Is the player's hand or arm in a "natural position" or an "unnatural position"?
- 44. Does the player attempt to avoid the ball striking the hand?
- 45. Does the player use the hand or arm to deliberately touch or block the ball?
- 46. Does the player prevent an opponent from gaining possession of the ball by handling it?
- 47. Does the player attempt to score a goal by deliberately handling the ball?
- 48. Does the player prevent a goal by deliberately handling the ball?
- 49. Does the player prevent an obvious goal-scoring opportunity by deliberately handling the ball?
- 50. Does the player try to deceive the referee by handling the ball?

Holding

- 51. Does the player hold an opponent to prevent him/her from gaining possession of the ball?
- 52. Does the player hold an opponent to prevent him/her from taking up an advantageous position?
- 53. Does the player deny an obvious goal-scoring opportunity by holding an opponent?
- 54. Does the player hold an opponent with the hands or with the body?
- 55. Does the player hold an opponent for the tactical purpose of pulling the player away from the ball?
- 56. Does the player stop a promising attack by holding an opponent?

Simulation

- 61. Is there contact between the players involved?
- 62. Does the attacker use the slight contact to try to deceive the referee?
- 63. Does the attacker initiate the contact with the opponent?
- 64. Is there fair/normal contact between the players, resulting in no offence being committed?
- 65. Does the attacker anticipate the contact with the opponent?



Simulation (Cont.)

- 66. Who initiates the contact?
- 67. Does the player exaggerate the seriousness of the foul committed?

Confrontation

- 71. Are the original or initial offenders punished appropriately?
- 72. Are the actions of the players involved excessive with regard to physical contact?
- 73. Do(es) the player(s) run from some distance to become unnecessarily involved?
- 74. Are the assistant referees effective in helping prevent further confrontation between the players?
- 75. Does the referee get "too close" to the incident and become caught up in the confrontation?
- 76. Does the referee remain calm when dealing with the confrontation?
- 77. Does the referee touch or push the players?
- 78. Does the referee try to separate the first players involved at the beginning of the confrontation?
- 79. Does the fourth official act appropriately?
- 80. Should any of the match officials make physical contact with players or technical area team personnel?
- 223. Is at least one player from each team involved in the confrontation identified and punished appropriately?

Management of the Restart

- 81. Are the referee's management skills effective in controlling the restart of play?
- 82. Does the referee indicate to the kicker to wait for a signal to restart play?
- 83. Does the referee succeed in ensuring that the defensive wall retreats 9.15m and remains at that distance?
- 84. How far away are the defensive players when the free kick is taken?
- 85. Does the referee take up the most advantageous position for the restart?
- 86. Is the ball placement acceptable?
- 87. Does the defender try to impede a quick restart?
- 88. Does the player provoke a confrontation by deliberately touching the ball after the referee has stopped play?
- 89. Does the player appear to take a restart but then suddenly leave the ball so that a teammate takes it?
- 224. Are disciplinary sanctions correctly applied?

Advantage

- 91. Is there a team benefit if the referee applies the advantage?
- 92. Does the fouled player still have possession of the ball after the foul is committed?
- 93. Is there more of a benefit to apply the advantage or award a free kick?



Advantage (Cont.)

- 94. Does the foul committed deserve a yellow card?
- 95. Does the foul committed deserve a red card?
- 96. Is the foul committed near the penalty area?
- 97. Does the fouled player have space to progress?
- 98. Are there teammates in a good position to receive the ball?
- 99. After the advantage is applied, should the referee return to administer a disciplinary sanction?
- 100. Where on the field of play does the offence occur?
- 225. Should the tempo/temperature of the match be considered?
- 226. If the player who committed the first offence had previously been cautioned, would it have
- been advisable to allow play to continue?
- 250. Is there a chance that an immediate attack will occur?

Dissent

- 101. Does a player show dissent by protesting verbally (by word)?
- 102. Does a player show dissent by protesting non-verbally (by action)?
- 103. Does a player act in a manner that shows a lack of respect for the game?
- 104. Could dissent have been avoided had the referee or assistant referee intervened more quickly?
- 105. Does the referee support his/her colleague following a reaction by a player to a decision made by an assistant referee?
- 106. Is the correct disciplinary sanction applied (yellow or red card)?
- 107. Does the referee correctly differentiate between frustration and dissent?
- 108. Does the captain of the team show dissent by protesting?

Body Language

- 111. Does the referee show signs of uncertainty?
- 112. Does the referee's body language show confidence or alertness?
- 113. Is the referee slow to react after an incident?
- 114. Do the referee's actions inflame the situation?
- 115. Does the referee remain calm and in control?
- 116. Is the referee influenced into taking disciplinary action?
- 117. Does the referee use the whistle appropriately?
- 118. Does the referee use the cards appropriately?
- 119. Does the referee signal according to the practical guidelines for match officials?
- 120. Does the referee make his/her message clear to the player(s) involved?
- 227. Does the referee raise his/her profile appropriately in more demanding situations?
- 228. Should a referee remain 'neutral' and not make movements as though he/she were going to issue a disciplinary sanction?



Concentration/Awareness

- 121. Is the referee aware of a possible conflict in allowing the game to continue?
- 122. Is there immediate communication between the match officials to avoid unnecessary protests or appeals?
- 123. Does the referee keep his/her focus and concentration throughout the incident?
- 124. Is the referee in a good position to make the correct decision?
- 125. Is the communication process to decide who the offending player is appropriate?
- 126. Why is the disciplinary sanction shown to the wrong player?
- 127. Is the referee aware of what the Laws of the Game allow in certain situations?
- 128. Is the player guilty of persistently infringing the Laws of the Game?
- 129. Is the referee aware of the tactical play of a team to break up play or target individual opponents?
- 130. Does the referee protect players from potential serious injury?

Teamwork

- 131. Is the assistant referee closer to the action than the referee?
- 132. Does the assistant referee have a better view of the incident than the referee?
- 133. Does the referee have a better view of the incident than the assistant referee?
- 134. Is the signal from the assistant referee to the referee clear?
- 135. Does the referee make a decision before the assistant referee signals?
- 136. Does the incident happen out of the view of the referee?
- 137. Does the assistant referee inform the referee about any misconduct?
- 138. Should one of the match officials have seen the incident?
- 139. Should the fourth official intervene if none of the other officials saw the incident?
- 140. Has teamwork broken down because of a lack of concentration?
- 229. Is the assistant referee or the additional assistant referee closer to the action than the referee?
- 230. Does the assistant referee or the additional assistant referee have a better view of the incident than the referee?
- 231. Does the assistant referee or the additional assistant referee inform the referee about any misconduct?
- 232. Should the additional assistant referee intervene if none of the other officials has seen the incident?
- 233. Should the referee be aware of "upper body" or contact with the hand/arms if the assistant referee is focused on the ball being in or out of play?
- 234. Does the referee, assistant referee, or additional assistant referee have a clear view of the incident?
- 235. Is the decision given by the referee or assistant referee credible, given the distance they are from the incident?

Offside

141. Is the assistant referee in a good position to judge offside?



Offside (Cont.)

- 142. Is the player in an offside position? If so, with which part of the body?
- 143. Does the player in an offside position interfere with play by playing or touching the ball?
- 144. Does the player in an offside position interfere with the goalkeeper? If so, how?
- 145. Does the player in an offside position interfere with an opponent? If so, how?
- 146. Does the player in an offside position gain an advantage by playing the ball or interfering with an opponent?
- 147. Will the ball go to a player who was previously in an offside position after a rebound or a save from an opponent?
- 148. Does the assistant referee adopt the "wait and see" technique?
- 149. Is there any other teammate in an onside position who has a chance to play the ball?
- 236. Does the assistant referee give the benefit to the attacking player when the defender and attacker are in line?
- 237. Can the field markings help the assistant referee make a correct decision?

Additional Notes – Offside

Interfering with play

- Play
- Touch

Interfering with an opponent

- Line of vision
- Challenging
 - o Clear action to play
 - Impacts an opponent ability to play
 - Hinders, delays, or prevents

Gaining an Advantage

- Rebounds
- Deflects
 - o Ball moves towards the player
 - Player finds the ball coming to her/him
 - Instinct reaction to play
 - Not enough time to act
 - Has not found her/his balance
 - o Ball deflects from the player
- Save



Additional Notes – Offside (Cont.)

- Deliberate play by defender
 - Player moves towards the ball
 - Player sees and expects the ball
 - Player makes a deliberate act
 - With enough time to act
 - Balanced and ready to play
 - The player plays the ball
- Interfering with an opponent

Miscellaneous

- 151. Is the foul committed inside or outside the penalty area?
- 152. Is the foul committed inside or outside the field of play?
- 153. Is the ball in play when the offence is committed?
- 154. Does the player enter or re-enter the field of play without permission?
- 155. Does the ball enter the goal?
- 156. Is the ball deliberately kicked to the goalkeeper by a teammate?
- 157. Does the goalkeeper deliberately handle the ball?
- 158. Does the referee need to stop play in this situation?
- 159. Does the player prevent the goalkeeper from releasing the ball from his/her hands?
- 160. Do(es) the player(s) deliberately delay the re-start?
- 238. Is this violent conduct or merely unsporting behavior?

Management of Penalty kicks

- 161. Is the kicker's goalkeeper in the correct position during kicks from the penalty mark?
- 162. Do any of the attacking players fail to remain 9.15m before the kick is taken?
- 163. Do any of the defending players fail to remain 9.15m before the kick is taken?
- 164. Should the referee have the penalty kick re-taken?
- 165. Does the goalkeeper gain an unfair advantage by moving before the kick is taken?
- 166. Does the kicker play the ball a second time before it is played by another player?
- 167. Does the goalkeeper deliberately attempt to delay the taking of the kick by acting in an unsporting manner?
- 168. Does the referee ensure that the re-taken penalty kick is carried out in accordance with the Laws of the Game?
- 169. Is the penalty kick taken correctly and in accordance with the Laws of the Game?



Injuries

- 171. Should the referee have stopped the game earlier?
- 172. Are the Laws of the Game correctly applied to the injured player(s) before play is restarted?
- 173. Should the stretcher have been signaled for earlier?
- 174. Does the treatment of the injured player(s) take too long?
- 175. Does the player exaggerate the injury to try to get an opponent cautioned or to deceive the referee?
- 176. Does the fourth official check the player before allowing him/her to continue?
- 177. Does the referee play the correct amount of "additional time"?
- 178. Is the injury assessed before calling for the stretcher?

Assistant Referees

- 181. Does the assistant referee raise the flag in the correct hand?
- 182. Does the assistant referee's flag technique confuse the referee?
- 183. Does the assistant referee change hands before the flag is raised?
- 184. Is the assistant referee's signal correct, given the infringement that has been committed?
- 185. What else can the assistant referee do to get the attention of the referee?
- 186. Does the assistant referee's intervention change the original decision of the referee?
- 187. Does the assistant referee make eye contact with the referee before signaling?
- 188. Does the additional assistant referee make the correct judgement?
- 189. Is the assistant referee or additional assistant referee positioned adequately to decide whether the ball has crossed over the goal line?

Players' Equipment

- 191. Is it permissible to wear undershorts of a different color than the main color of the shorts?
- 192. Are players allowed to play without shin-guards?
- 193. Should a goalkeeper wear colors that distinguish him/her from the other players and match officials?
- 194. Does the player wait until there is a stoppage in play before returning to the field of play?
- 195. Is a player allowed to continue playing with blood on his/her shirt?
- 196. Do the colors of the compulsory equipment distinguish the player from the opposing team?
- 197. Do the stockings entirely cover the shin-guards?
- 198. Do the shin-guards provide a reasonable degree of protection?
- 199. Is a player permitted to wear jewelry?
- 200. Is a player allowed to wear tape to cover jewelry?

Positioning & Movement

- 201. Is the referee too close to the incident?
- 202. Is the referee too far away from the incident to make a credible decision?



Positioning & Movement (Cont.)

- 203. Is the referee's view obscured by a player or players?
- 204. Does the referee create a good viewing angle in order to arrive at the correct decision?
- 205. Is the assistant referee in a better position than the referee?
- 206. Are both the referee and the assistant referee in good viewing positions?
- 207. Does the referee's position give him/her a good viewing angle?
- 208. Does the assistant referee's position give him/her a good viewing angle?
- 209. Does the referee anticipate play, and show good acceleration and speed?
- 210. Does the referee keep play between himself/herself and the assistant referee?
- 239. Is the referee's position close enough to control the further development of the situation?
- 240. Is the lead assistant referee within the referee's field of vision?
- 241. Does the referee have a good angle of vision?
- 247. Is the referee in a good position to make the correct decision?
- 251. Does the referee's position interfere with play?
- 252. Does the referee anticipate play and adjust his/her position?

Celebration of a Goal

- 211. Does the celebration result in excessive time-wasting?
- 212. Does the player make a provocative gesture?
- 213. Does the goal-scorer climb onto the perimeter fence to celebrate?
- 214. Does the player remove his/her shirt whilst celebrating?
- 215. Does the player cover his/her head with his/her shirt when celebrating?
- 216. Does the player use a mask to cover his/her head or face?
- 217. Does the player leave the field of play to celebrate?
- 218. Does the referee act in a preventative manner and exercise common sense?
- 219. Does the player jump into or go amongst the spectators to celebrate?
- 220. Does the goal-scorer display a message on an undershirt or any other part of his/her equipment?
- 242. Are the goal-scorer's actions excessive and do they create safety concerns for the spectators?

Delaying the re-start of play

- 243. Does the player prevent the goalkeeper from releasing the ball into play?
- 244. Does the player provoke the referee so as to deliberately receive a caution?
- 245. Should the referee consider if the player can hear the whistle and clearly tries to delay the restart of play?
- 246. Does the player delay the restart of play by deliberately kicking the ball away?

 Resources/References:
 U.S. Soccer Referee Program
 IFAB Laws of the Game